

6. (amended) The prosthetic device according to claim 1, wherein the second polymeric component is cross-linked.

a³ 7. (amended) The prosthetic device according to claim 1, wherein the first and the second polymeric component comprises the same monomeric component.

8. (amended) The prosthetic device according to claim 1, comprising a third polymeric component, said third polymeric component being different from the first and/or the second polymeric component.

a⁴ 10. (amended) The prosthetic device according to claim 8, wherein the third polymeric component is grafted to the first and/or the second polymeric components.

11. (amended) The prosthetic device according to claim 1, wherein the chain length of the first polymeric component is above 100 monomer units.

a⁵ 18. (amended) A prosthetic device according to claim 1, wherein said device is adapted to alleviate conditions associated with worn cartilage by providing a spacer function and/or to exert pressure distribution in the joint when the joint is loaded and/or to provide at least part of the sliding/rotating movement of the joint by internal movement of at least part of the device.

19. (amended) A prosthetic device according to claim 1, wherein the device is capable of locking itself to an intra-articular component and thereby being fixed or retained in the joint cavity in a manner

which is substantially non-invasive with respect to cartilage and bone natively present in the joint cavity.

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20. (amended) A prosthetic device according to claim 1, wherein the polymer material is obtained by cross-linking polyethylene, polypropylene or polyvinylpyrrolidone or combinations or co-polymers thereof.

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23. (amended) A prosthetic device according to claim 1, wherein the polymer material meets mechanical properties in that the E modulus (Young's modulus) is at least 10 MPa.

24. (amended) A prosthetic according to claim 1, wherein the device comprises more than one more unit.

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28. (amended) A prosthetic device according to claim 1, wherein the polymer is subjected or further subjected to surface treatment to obtain optimised wetting ability and to obtain biocompatibility and resistance to heat treatment for sterilisation.

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30. (amended) A prosthetic device according to claim 1, which is capable of locking itself to the intra-articular component by at least one element of the device surrounding the component in such a manner that displacement of the element is limited by interlocking with said component.

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32. (amended) A prosthetic device according to claim 1, which device, when present *in situ*, comprises at least one ring-shaped element.

33. (amended) A prosthetic device according to claim 1 for the articulation of a hip of a human, which device is adapted so that it, when present *in situ* in the human hip joint cavity, comprises at least one element surrounding ligamentum capitis femoris.

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34. (amended) A prosthetic device according to claim 1, in which the element which is adapted to surround the ligament when present *in situ*, has such a shape and such properties that it can be placed around the ligament and, when placed around the ligament, will stay interlocked with the ligament.

35. (amended) A prosthetic device according to claim 1 which is a hip endoprothese and wherein the element has a shape and properties permitting arranging the element around ligamentum capitis femoris.

36. (amended) A prosthetic device according to claim 30, wherein the element, when present *in situ*, permits the ligament to extend through the element and substantially exert its natural function on the joint.

37. (amended) A prosthetic device according to claim 1, having such shape and/or properties that it is capable of replacing or supplementing worn or damaged cartilage in the joint and/or is capable of preventing wear of the native cartilage of the joint.

38. (amended) A prosthetic device according to claim 30, wherein the element surrounding the intra-articular component constitutes the device.

39. (amended) A prosthetic device according to claim 1 wherein the

a⁹ shape of the device mating the load bearing part of the joint is substantially circular.

a¹⁰ 43. (amended) A prosthetic device according to claim 1, wherein the thickness of the device is between 2-60 mm, such as between 6-40 mm, preferable 8-30 mm, more preferable about 10-20 mm, most preferable about 15 mm in the unloaded stage.

44. (amended) A prosthetic device according to claim 1, wherein the device comprises parts overlapping each other.

a¹¹ 50. (amended) A prosthetic device according to claim 1, wherein the E modulus (Young's modulus) of the material of at least part of the device is at least 10 MPa, such as at least 13 MPa, preferably at least 16 MPa, more preferable at least 19 MPa, still more preferable at least 22 MPa, most preferable at least 25 MPa, such as at least 30 MPa or 50 MPa.

51. (amended) A prosthetic device according to claim 1, wherein the material constituting the device comprises polypropylene, preferably cross-linked polypropylene.

a¹² 55. (amended) An instrument device for inserting a prosthetic device according to claim 1, comprising means for deforming the prosthetic device into a reduced volume or a slender shape and means for grasping the intraarticularintra-articular component to which the device is capable of interlocking.

56. (amended) The use of a prosthetic device for establishing slidability and/or distributing pressure in a joint of a vertebrate

such as a human, by inserting into the joint cavity of the joint a prosthetic device, preferably a prosthetic device as defined in claim 1, capable of locking itself to an intraarticularintra-articular component and thereby being fixed or retained in the joint cavity in a manner which is substantially non-invasive with respect to cartilage and bone natively present in the joint cavity.

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57. (amended) A method for establishing slidability and/or pressure distribution in a joint of a vertebrate such as a human, comprising inserting into the joint cavity of the joint, a prosthetic device, preferably a prosthetic device as defined in claim 1, which is capable of locking itself to an intraarticularintra-articular component and thereby being fixed or retained in the joint cavity in a manner which is substantially non-invasive with respect to cartilage and bone natively present in the joint cavity.

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60. (amended) A kit according to claim 58, wherein the instrument further comprises a handle.

62. (amended) A kit according to claim 58, wherein the resilient member of a.1) and the element surrounding the intraarticularintra-articular component of a.2) constitutes a solid prosthetic device.

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63. (amended) A kit according to claim 58, wherein the intra-articular prosthetic device is a prosthetic device for insertion into a joint cavity of a joint of a vertebrate, such as a human, said device consisting of a biocompatible material comprising at least a first polymeric component and a second polymeric component, wherein the chain length of the first polymeric component is longer than the chain length of the second polymeric component.
